



## GOVERNANCE, PEACE AND SECURITY STATISTICS IN CAMEROON

### YEAR OF GPS-SHAsA SURVEY:

2014

### SUPPORT SURVEY:

GPS-SHAsA modules attached to a Living Standards Survey (ECAM 4)

### AVERAGE SAMPLE SIZE:

5,044 adults

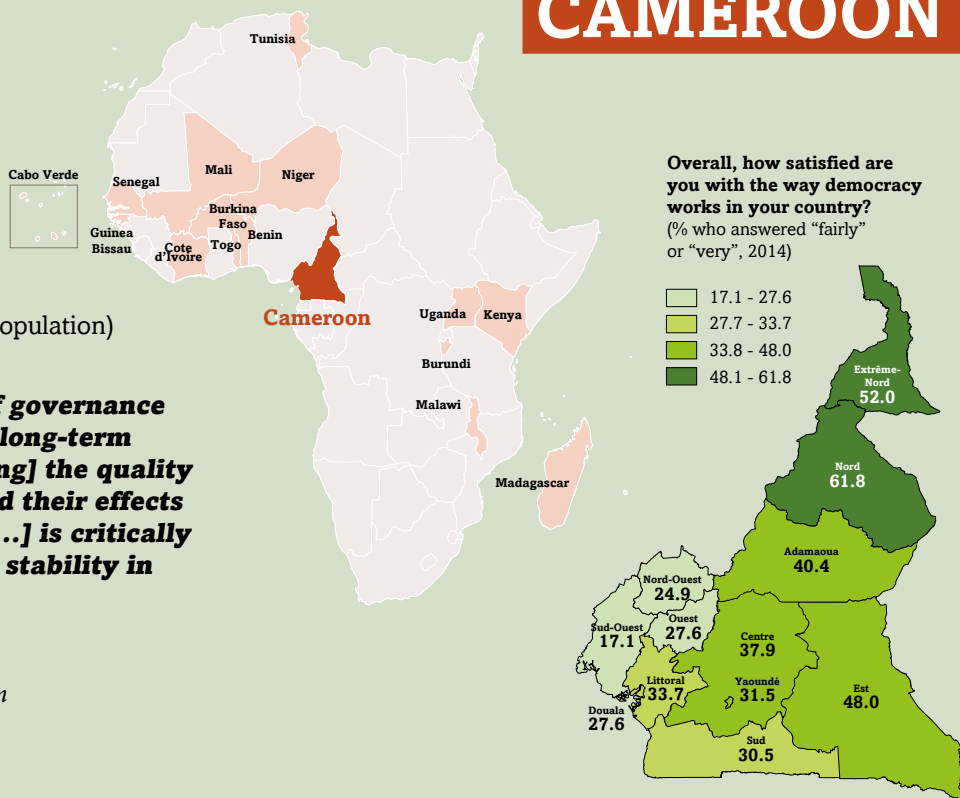
(sample representative of the national population)

**“In Cameroon, the production of governance statistics supports our country’s long-term vision, which states that ‘track[ing] the quality of democracy and governance and their effects on socioeconomic development [...] is critically important to maintain peace and stability in the country.’”**

- Joseph Tedou, Director General,  
National Institute of Statistics of Cameroon

### DATA ACCESSIBLE AT:

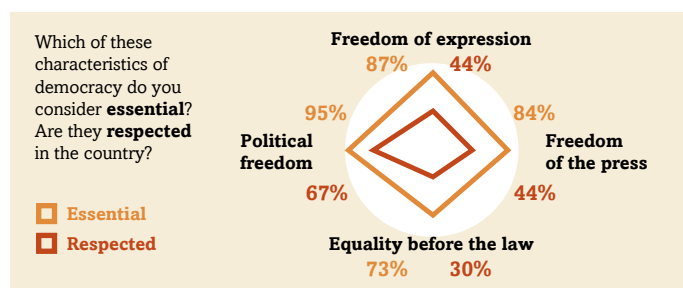
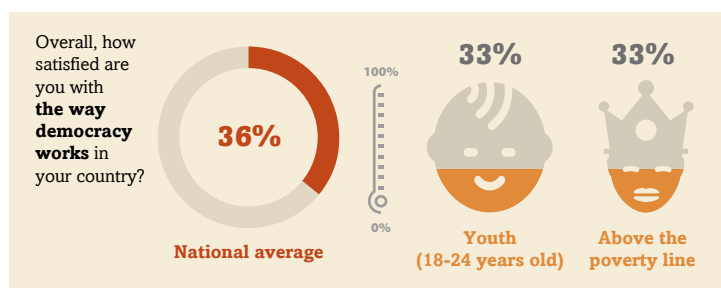
[www.statistics-cameroon.org](http://www.statistics-cameroon.org)



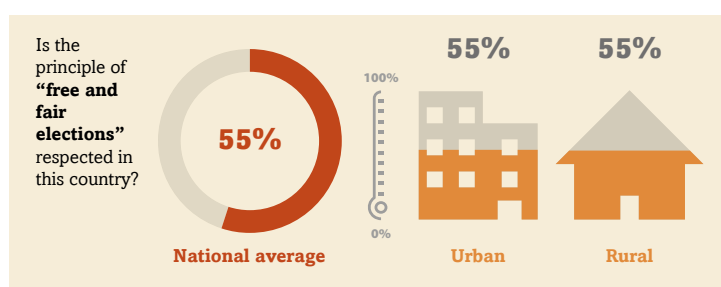
Source: INS Cameroun, 2014 ECAM 4 Survey, GPS-SHAsA modules.

## AU AGENDA 2063 ASPIRATION 3: An Africa of Good Governance, Democracy, Respect for Human Rights, Justice and the Rule of Law <sup>(1)</sup>

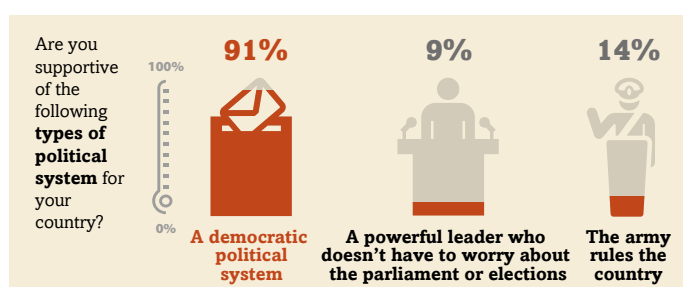
**2023 Target:** At least 70% of the people perceive the entrenchment of the culture of respect for human rights, the rule of law and due process.



**2023 Target:** At least 70% of the the public perceive elections to be free, fair and transparent by 2020.



**2023 Target:** Zero tolerance for unconstitutional changes in government is the norm.



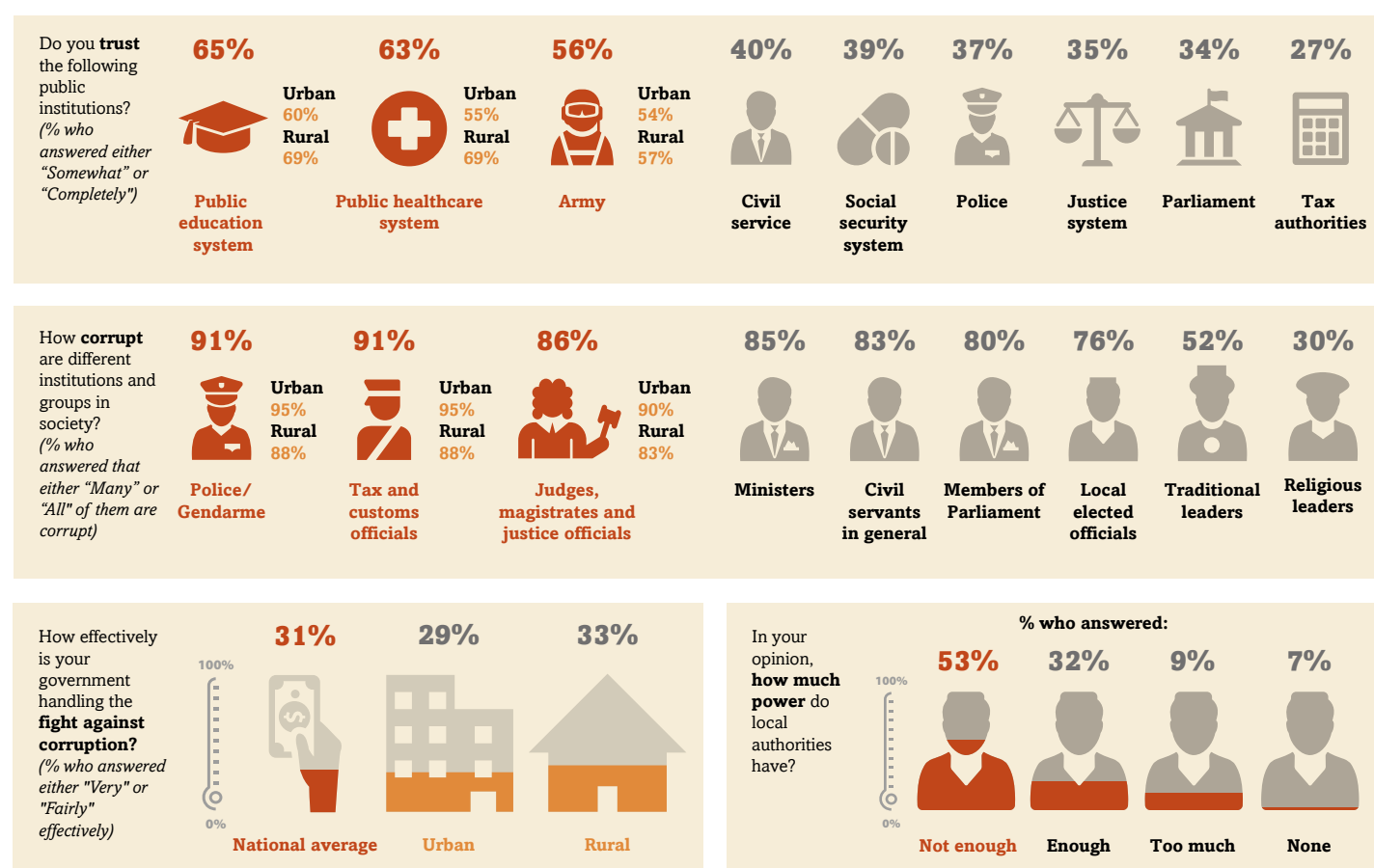
(1) Agenda 2063 - Goal 11: Democratic values, practices, universal principles of human rights, justice and the rule of law entrenched.

# USING GPS-SHASA STATISTICS TO MONITOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF “AGENDA 2063: THE AFRICA WE WANT”

## AU AGENDA 2063 ASPIRATION 3: An Africa of Good Governance, Democracy, Respect for Human Rights, Justice and the Rule of Law

### QUALITY OF INSTITUTIONS <sup>(2)</sup>

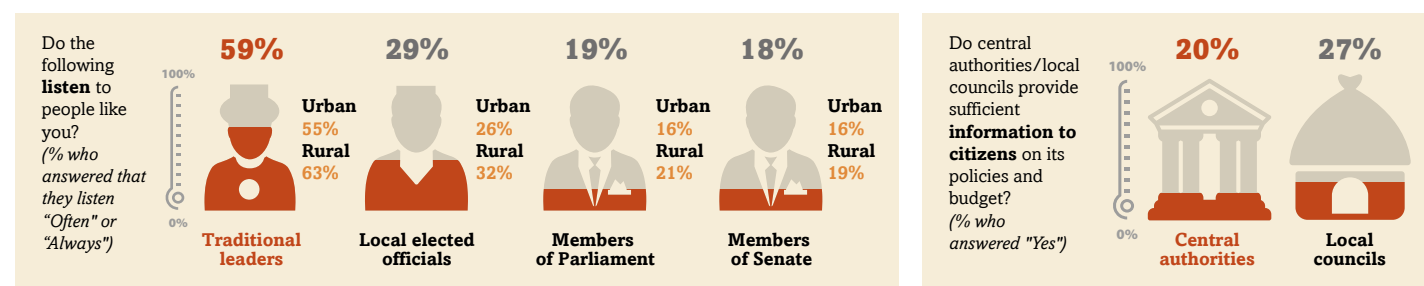
**2023 Target:** At least 70% of the public acknowledge the public service to be professional, efficient, responsive, accountable, impartial and corruption free.



(2) Agenda 2063 - Goal 12: Capable institutions and transformed leadership in place at all levels.

### STATE-SOCIETY RELATIONS <sup>(3)</sup>

**2023 Target:** At least 70% of the people believe that they are empowered and are holding their leaders accountable.

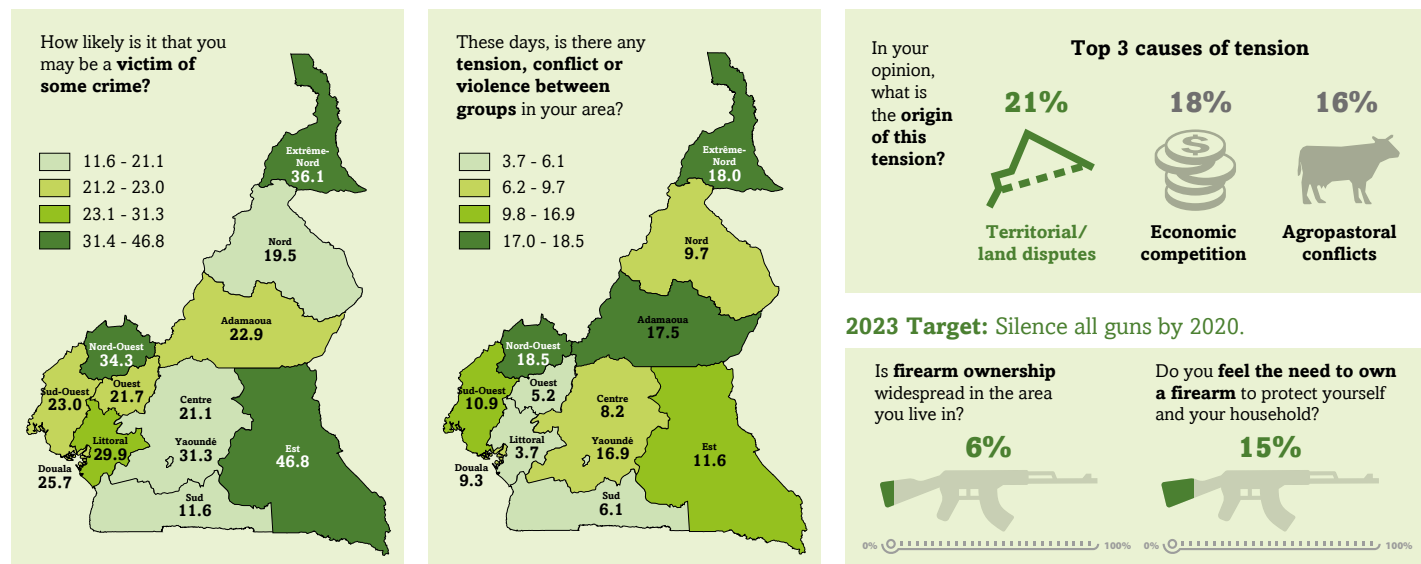


(3) Agenda 2063 - Goal 11: Democratic values, practices, universal principles of human rights, justice and the rule of law entrenched.

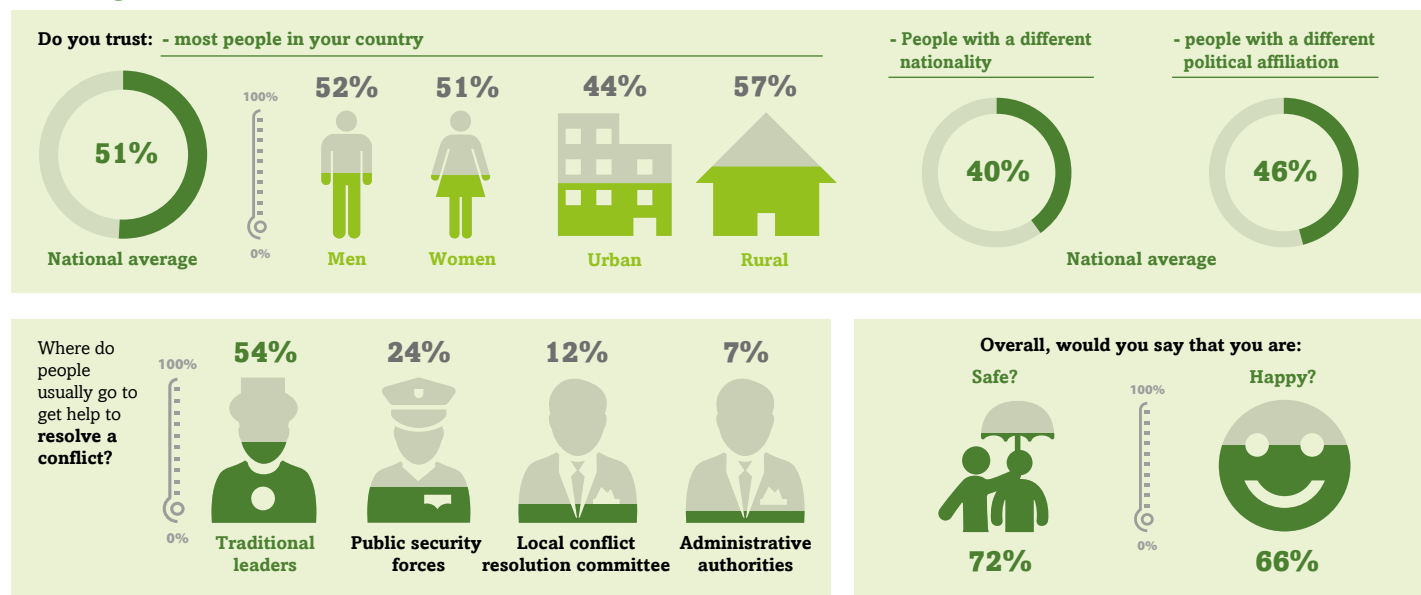
## ASPIRATION 4: A Peaceful and Secure Africa

### PERCEIVED RISKS AND TENSIONS (4)

**2023 Target:** Level of conflict emanating from ethnicity, all forms of exclusion, religious and political differences is at most 50% of 2013 levels.



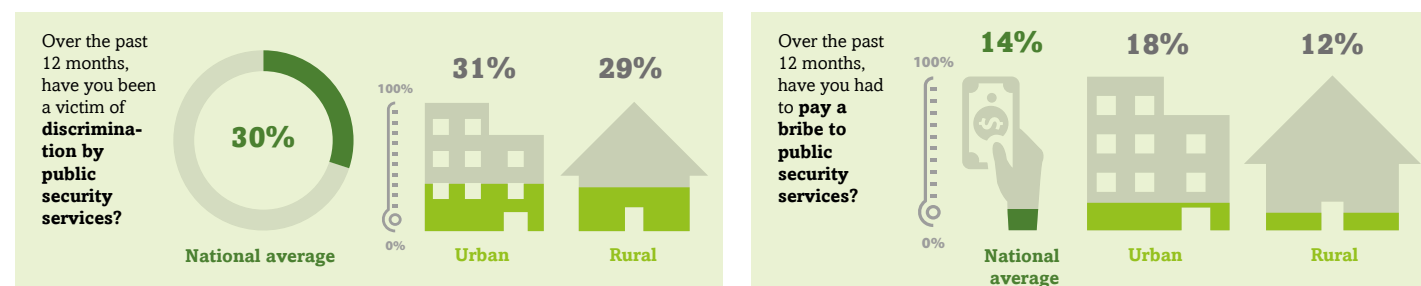
**2023 Target:** Entrench the culture of peace.

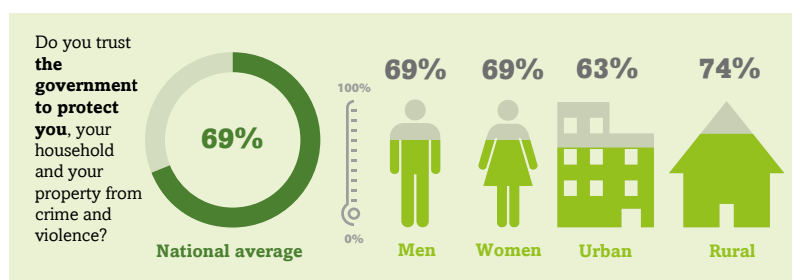


(4) Agenda 2063 - Goal 13: Peace, Security and Stability are Preserved and AU Goal 14: A Stable and Peaceful Africa.

### PERFORMANCE OF PUBLIC SECURITY FORCES (5)

**2023 Target:** Complete civilian control of security services within democratic practices, rule of law and due processes by 2025.





(5) Agenda 2063 - Goal 14: A Stable and Peaceful Africa.

# USING GPS-SHASA STATISTICS TO MONITOR GLOBAL SDG 16 INDICATORS ON “PEACEFUL, JUST AND INCLUSIVE SOCIETIES”

	National average	Men	Women	Urban	Rural
<b>SDG Target 16.1 - Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere</b>					
16.1.3 - Proportion of population subjected to physical violence in the previous 12 months	11.4%	13.0%	10.0%	14.5%	9.0%
16.1.4 - Proportion of population that feel safe walking alone around the area they live (at night)	51.3%	55.2%	47.8%	42.4%	58.3%
<b>SDG Target 16.3 – Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all</b>					
16.3.1 - Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms	21.1%	22.5%	19.7%	19.2%	23.1%
<b>SDG Target 16.5 - Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms</b>					
16.5.1 - Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months	21.7%	25.9%	18.0%	28.4%	16.1%
Bribery happens most often with:					
1. Police /Gendarmerie	40.7%	40.7%	40.8%	35.7%	48.6%
2. Education system	14.0%	13.9%	14.1%	13.8%	14.2%
3. Tax/customs officials	9.8%	9.9%	9.8%	11.5%	7.3%
<b>SDG Target 16.6 - Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels</b>					
16.6.2 - Proportion of the population satisfied with their last experience of public services GPS-SHASA question used as proxy: How well do you think your local council is handling the following: Delivering local services	26.7%	26.5%	26.8%	25.0%	28.0%
<b>SDG Target 16.7 - Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels</b>					
16.7.2 - Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group GPS-SHASA question used as proxy: “Do you think politicians respond to the population’s concerns and needs?”	25.1%	25.7%	24.6%	25.0%	25.2%
<b>SDG Target 16.B - Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development</b>					
16.B.1 - Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law	60.1%	60.3%	59.9%	65.4%	55.8%

Source: INS Cameroun, 2014 ECAM 4 Survey, GPS-SHASA modules.

**The Strategy for the Harmonization of Statistics in Africa (SHaSA 2)** is Africa’s pioneering effort to include the domain of **Governance, Peace and Security (GPS)** in official statistics. From 2012 to 2017, a group of African statisticians\* under the leadership of the AUC developed and pilot-tested in 16 countries\*\* a harmonized methodology for the periodic monitoring of GPS by national statistical offices across the continent. With the GPS-SHASA survey modules, countries can easily monitor their progress in meeting Aspirations 3 (on Good Governance) and 4 (on Peace and Security) of the AU’s Agenda 2063: The Africa We Want and the UN’s Sustainable Development Goal 16 on Peaceful, Just and Inclusive Societies.

**For more information, see [www.austat.org](http://www.austat.org)**

\* With technical and financial support from UNDP and scientific assistance from the French Research Institute for Development, IRD-DIAL.

\*\* Benin, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cabo Verde, Cote d’Ivoire, Guinea Bissau, Kenya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Niger, Senegal, Togo, Tunisia and Uganda.

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